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**Edexcel GCE**

Centre Number

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Candidate Number

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# Mechanics M2

## Advanced/Advanced Subsidiary

Friday 15 June 2018 – Afternoon

**Time: 1 hour 30 minutes**

Paper Reference

**6678/01**

**You must have:**

Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables (Pink)

Total Marks

**Candidates may use any calculator allowed by the regulations of the Joint Council for Qualifications. Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation, differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.**

### Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B). Coloured pencils and highlighter pens must not be used.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided  
– *there may be more space than you need.*
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear. Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Whenever a numerical value of  $g$  is required, take  $g = 9.8 \text{ m s}^{-2}$ , and give your answer to either two significant figures or three significant figures.
- When a calculator is used, the answer should be given to an appropriate degree of accuracy.

### Information

- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets  
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

### Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

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## Question 1 continued

Q1

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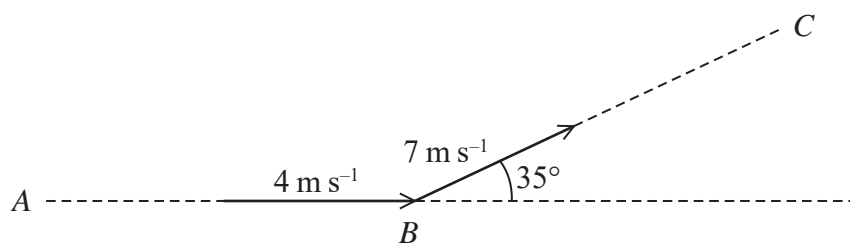


Figure 1

The points  $A$ ,  $B$  and  $C$  lie on a smooth horizontal plane. A small ball of mass  $0.2 \text{ kg}$  is moving along the line  $AB$  with speed  $4 \text{ m s}^{-1}$ . When the ball is at  $B$ , the ball is given an impulse. Immediately after the impulse is given, the ball moves along the line  $BC$  with speed  $7 \text{ m s}^{-1}$ . The line  $BC$  makes an angle of  $35^\circ$  with the line  $AB$ , as shown in Figure 1.

- (a) Find the magnitude of the impulse given to the ball. (4)
- (b) Find the size of the angle between the direction of the impulse and the original direction of motion of the ball. (3)

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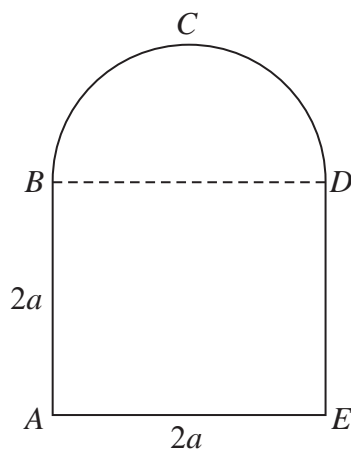
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blank**Question 2 continued****Q2****(Total 7 marks)**

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3. [The centre of mass of a semicircular lamina of radius  $r$  is  $\frac{4r}{3\pi}$  from the centre.]



**Figure 2**

Figure 2 shows the uniform lamina  $ABCDE$ , such that  $ABDE$  is a square with sides of length  $2a$  and  $BCD$  is a semicircle with diameter  $BD$ .

- (a) Show that the distance of the centre of mass of the lamina from  $BD$  is  $\frac{20a}{3(8 + \pi)}$ . (5)

The lamina is freely suspended from  $D$  and hangs in equilibrium.

- (b) Find, to the nearest degree, the angle that  $DE$  makes with the downward vertical. (3)

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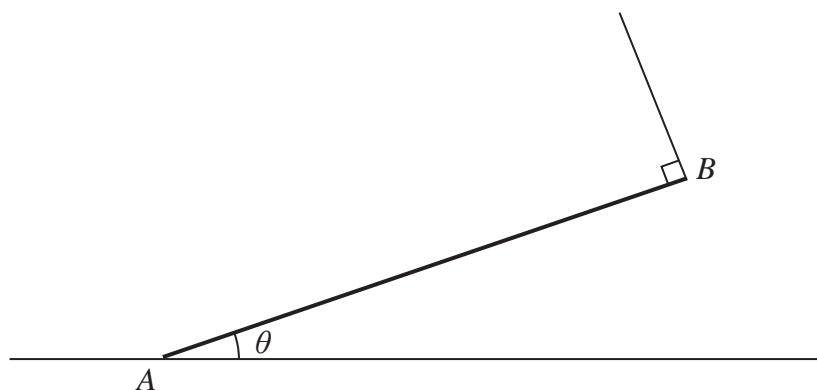


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4.

**Figure 3**

A uniform rod  $AB$ , of mass  $m$  and length  $2a$ , rests with its end  $A$  on rough horizontal ground. The rod is held in limiting equilibrium at an angle  $\theta$  to the horizontal by a light string attached to the rod at  $B$ , as shown in Figure 3. The string is perpendicular to the rod and lies in the same vertical plane as the rod.

The coefficient of friction between the ground and the rod is  $\mu$ .

Show that  $\mu = \frac{\cos \theta \sin \theta}{2 - \cos^2 \theta}$  (10)

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## Question 6 continued

Q6

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**Q7**

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